SAFETY DATA SHEET		PR/EHD/OH/F-313	2.5
PRODUCT NAME : POLYPROPYLENE (HOMO POLYMER)			بتــرورابــغ Petro Rabigh
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SECTION 1: Identificati	SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking		
1.1 Product Identifier			
Product Description:	Polypropylene (Homo Polymer)		
Grade Name:	FS2011E, FS3011E, FT3014E E1, FY2011E, FY3011E, FY4012E, FY9013E E1, Y101 HP22EG, HP30EG, HP22G, HP30G, HP40G, HP150G		
REACH Registration Number:	Not applicable		
CAS Number:	9003-07-0		
EC Number:	Not available		
Chemical Formula:	(CH2-CHCH3)x		

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

IDENTIFIED USES:

Thermoplastic resin extruded or moulded by manufacturuers into articles or goods such as collation shrink, liners, heavy duty sacks, refuse, tunnel films, mulching films, etc.

MOST COMMON TECHNICAL FUNCTION OF SUBSTANCE (WHAT IT DOES):

Not provided

USES BY CONSUMERS ADVISED AGAINST:

Do not use substance for purposes other than indicated in the manufacturer's information. During such use the user may be exposed to unforeseen hazards.

1.3 Manufacturer or supplie	r's details		
Manufacturer	Rabigh Refining and Petrochemical Co	mpany	
	Plant: PO Box 101, Rabigh 21911, Kingdom of S	Saudi Arabia	
Address	Tel: +966 12 425 0390 Free Number: 800 440 9000		
E-mail of person responsible for this SDS	stephane.dallaire@petrorabigh.com		
1.4 Emergency telephone n	umber		
	Asia Pacific (except China):	CareChem 24 +65 3158 1074	

1.4 Emergency telephone number			
Emergency telephone numbers (24-hour)	Asia Pacific (except China):	CareChem 24 +65 3158 1074	
	China (Off-land)	CareChem 24 +86 512 8090 3042	
	US, Canada Outside above area	ChemTrec 1-800-424-9300 +703-527-3887	
	Europe, America, Middle East, Africa (Europe & English Speaking):	CareChem 24 +44 (0) 1235 239 670	
	Middle East & Africa (Arabic speaking):	CareChem 24 +44 (0) 1235 239 671	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture 2.2.1 Classification and labeling in Annex of Directive 67/548/EEC:

This product is not classified as dangerous according to EU Directive 67/548/EEC.

Risk Phrases:

This product has been classified for the European Union according to Annex VI of this Directive. It is a preparation containing polymers and additives. Although it may contain components that may be classified, the substance does not present a danger to human health by inhalation, ingestsion, or contact with the eyes and skin or to the aquatic environment in the form in which it is placed on the market. Based on Article 12 of Directive 1999/45/EC such preparations do not require labelling.

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2.2.2 Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008:

This product is not classified as dangerous according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

Labeling

Signal word:Not applicableHazard pictograms:Not applicableHazard statements:Not applicablePrecautionary statements:Not applicableSafety statements:Not applicable

Acording to Directive 1999/45/EC, this substance in NOT dangerous.

2.3 Other hazards		
Substance meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII:	None	
Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII:	None	
	Emergency overview:	CAUTION! Powder or fine particles and heat-released air emissions may be irritating to the eyes, skin and respiratory tract. Acccumulated fine dust may form explosive air-dust mixtures. Spilled
Other hazards which do not result in classification:	Inhalation:	Inhalation of fine particles may cause respiratory irritation. Thermal processing fumes may cause irritation, pulmonary oedema and apossible asthma-like response. Some additives may include crystalline silica and/or talc. These additives are inextricably bound or coated in the Polypropylene; this appears to prevent any toxic reaction to the lungs.
	Eyes:	Contact with powder or fines may cause mechanical irritation. Contact with hot or molten material may cause severe injury, including possible blindness.
	Skin:	Contact with powder of fines may cause mechanical irritation, which is increased by rubbing or if skin is dry. Contact with hot or molten material may cause severe thermal burns. Some additives may include crystalline silica and/or talc. These additives are inextricably bound or coated in the Polypropylene; this appears to prevent any toxic reaction to the skin.
	Ingestions:	Ingestion of powder or fines may produce mild gastrointestinal irritation and disturbances.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients					
3.1 Classification of the substance or mixture					
COMPONENTS	% (BY Weight)	CAS#	EINECS#	HAZARD SYMBOL	RISK PHRASES
Polypropylene	> 99	9003-07-0	-	-	-
Additives	<1	-	-	-	-

3.2 Mixtures

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier, are classified and contribute to the classification of the substance and hence require reporting in this section.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

4.1 Description of first	aid measures
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10minutes. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell.
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air wearing self contained breathing apparatus, and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

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Skin contact	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation, where aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.
4.2 Most important sym	nptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	No information
Inhalation	No information
Skin contact	No information
Ingestion	No information
Over-exposure signs/sympto	<u>ms</u>
Eye contact	No specific data.
Inhalation	No specific data.
Skin contact	No specific data.
Ingestion	No specific data
4.3 Indication of any im	mediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. No mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Do not induce vomiting, use gastric lavage only.
Specific treatments	No specific treatment

SECTION 5: Firefight	ing measures
5.1 Extinguishing media	a
Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog or water spray. In the case of small fires, dry chemical or carbon dioxide or foam can be used.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use high pressure or full jet water stream, high pressure, direct water streams as it may scatter and spread fire. Water may be ineffective for fighting the fire, but may be used to cool fire-exposed containers
5.2 Special hazards aris	sing from the substance of mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	Solid resins support combustion but do not meet combustible definition. Product will burn at high temperatures but in not considered flammable. Under fire conditions, product will readily burn and emit irritating smoke. A high concentration of airborne powders or dust may form explosive mixtures with air. Risk of dust-air explosion is increased if flammable vapours are also present. May accumulate hazardous static charge.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	Decomposition products under fire conditions or upon heating the substance may emit various oligomers, waxes, and oxygenated hydrocarbons as well as carbon oxides and small amounts of organic vapors (e.g., aldehydes, acrolein). Inhalation of these decomposition products may be hazardous to health.
5.3 Advice for firefighte	ers
Special protective actions for fire-fighting	Position upwind. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If possible, move containers, stop flow of product. Continue water spray from protected position until container stays cool. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems.
Specific protective equipment for fire-fighting	Fire-fighters shall wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

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SECTION 6: Accide	ntal release measures		
6.1 Personal precaution	ons, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mists. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Alert stand-by		
For emergency responders	Consider the risk of potentially explosive atmospheres. Eliminate ignition sources. If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. Wear self contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved by monitoring to be safe. Ensure adequate ventilation.		
6.2 Environmental pre	cautions		
	aterial and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the onmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).		
6.3 Methods and mate	rials for containment and cleaning up		
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.		
Large spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.		
6.4 Reference to other	r sections		
	ncy contact information. ion on appropriate personal protective equipment. nal waste treatment information.		

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

7.1.1. Recommendations shall be specified to:

- (a) keep away from ignition sources, flames, static discharges;
- (b) allow safe handling of the substance such as containment and measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation;
- (c) prevent handling of incompatible substances or mixtures;
- (d) reduce the release of the substance or mixture to the environment, such as avoiding spills or keeping away from drains;
- (e) use only properly specified equipment and materials which are suitable for this product.
- (f) ensure equipment is adequately earthed, and use of only non-sparking tools

7.1.2. Advice on general occupational hygiene shall be provided, such as:

- (a) not to eat, drink, and smoke in work areas;
- (b) wash hands after use; and
- (c) remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- (a) store in accordance with local regulations;
- (b) store in original container outdoors and protected from direct sunlight, or in well-ventilated areas, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink;
- (c) storage area must be clearly identified, well illuminated, clear of obstruction and accessible only to trained and authorized oersonnnel:
- (d) avoid accumulation of dust by frequent cleaning and suitable construction storage and handling facility;
- (e) keep container tightly closed, earthed (grounded) and sealed until ready for use;
- (f) containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage;
- (g) do not store in unlabelled containers;
- (h) do NOT enter filled bulk containers and attempt to walk over the substance, due to risk of slipped and possible suffocation;
- (i) use a fall arrest system when working near open bulk containers; and
- (j) use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

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7.3 Specific end use(s)	
Recommendations	Outdoor storage of product in bags requires protection from ultra-violet sunlight by use of a UV stabilized bag or alternate means.
Industrial sector specific solutions	No information is available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits				
Product / Ingredient name		Exposur	e limit values	
0	F	F Limit (0 Limit	OTEL	

				1
Substance	Form	Exposure Limit (8-hour)	STEL	Reference
Polypropylene	Dust:			
	Inhalable	TWA: 10 mg/m ³	-	Belgium, Portugal, Ireland, UK
		VLA-ED: 10 mg/m ³	-	Spain
		TLV:10 mg/m ³		ACGIH (2011)
	Alveolar	TWA: 3 mg/m ³	-	Belgium
	Respirable	TWA: 3 mg/m³		Portugal (related to nuisance dust; provided no asbestos and crystalline silica<1.0%)
		TLV: 3 mg/m ³		ACGIH (2011)
		TWA: 4 mg/m ³	-	Ireland, UK (related to nuisance dust)
		VLA-ED: 3 mg/m ³	-	Spain (related to nuisance dust; provided no asbesto: and crystalline silica<1.0%)
Crystalline silica (Quartz)	Dust:			
(if present)	Respirable	TLV:0.025 ppm	TLV-STEL:2.5 ppm	ACGIH (2011)
		MAK: 0.3 mg/m ³		Austria
		TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³		Denmark
		TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³		Finland
		TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³		Portugal
		VLA-ED: 0.1 mg/m ³		Spain
		LLV: 0.1 mg/m ³		Sweden
		TWA: 0.3 mg/m ³		UK
	Alveolar	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³		France & Belgium

Recommended monitoring procedures

Personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to European Standard EN 689 for methods for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents and national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances.

Derived no effect levels

Product / Ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Polypropylene	DNEL	Short term, Inhalation	No information available	Worker	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	No information available	Worker	Local

Predicted no effect concentrations

Product / Ingredient name	Type	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
Polypropylene	PNEC	Fresh water	not available	-
	PNEC	Marine	not available	-
	PNEC	Intermittent release	not available	-
	PNEC	Fresh water sediment	not available	-

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8.2 Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	If user operations generate dust, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Individual protection measu	<u>res</u>
Hygiene measures:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. Recommended: safety glasses with side-shields. Wear safety goggles in circumstances where eye contact may occur (e.g. acc. to EN 166).
Skin protection	
Hand protection:	Wear thermal insulating gloves (e.g. acc. to EN 420, EN 388, EN 374-2, EN 374-3) whenever molten material is prewent.
Body protection:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved. It is necessary to wear protective clothes (e.g. acc. to EN 465), heat resistant gloves and other protection equipment. Protective clothing should be regularly inspected and maintained. and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection:	In the absence of effective engineering measures, and if during operations the exposure to large amounts of product dust is inevitable, then suitable respiratory protective equipment, such as A2 filtering mask or analogous should be applied (e.g. acc. to EN 14387). When working in vessel internals or other confined spaces do not use filtering masks but the special self-contained protective equipment. Respiratory protection equipment should be selected and used in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and requirements established by the law.
Environmental exposure controls:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, dust bags, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical	SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties			
9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties				
<u>Appearance</u>				
Physical state:				
Form:	Solid, pellets, or powder			
Color:	Clear to white			
Odour:	Minimal; sweet			
Odour threshold :	Not available			
pH:	Not applicable			
Melting point/freezing point range:	158°C – 168°C			
Boiling point	Not applicable			
Relative density (Water=1)	0.90 – 0.92			
Vapour Pressure:	Not available			
Evaporation rate (n-Butyl acetate=1):	Not applicable			
Vapour density (Air=1)	Not applicable			
Water solubility:	Insolube			
Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water (log value):	Not available			
Flash point:	Not flammable			
Softening point:	Not provided			
Upper/lower flammability:	Not applicable			
Viscosity:	Not applicable			
Explosive properties:	Fine dust and powder may form explosive mixtures with air.			
Explosive limits:	Not provided			

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Self-ignition temperature	490°C	
Decomposition temperature:	Not provided	
Oxidising properties:	Not available	
Stability in organic solvents and identity or relevant degradation products	Not available	
Dissociation constant	Not applicable	
Granulometry	Not applicable	
9.2 Other properties		
No additional information.		

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability

This product is stable under normal use conditions for shock, vibration, temperature or pressure.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions or polymerization will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid creating airborne dust or powder. These may form explosive mixtures with air. Risk of dust-air explosions is increased if flammable vapours are also present.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents, organic solvents, ether, gasolinf, lubricating oils, chlorinated hydrocarbons and aromatic hydrocarbons.. For material computability see latest version of ISO 11114.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

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Under heating or fires, Polypropylene may emit various oligomers, waxes and oxygenated hydrocarbons as well as carbon oxides and small amounts of other organic vapours and fumes (e.g., aldehydes, acrolelin). Inhalation of such decomposition products may be hazardous to human health and safety.

SECTION 11: TOXICO	SECTION 11: Toxicological Information				
11.1 Information on to	xicological effects				
Acute Toxicity					
Conclusion/summary:	Material is considered essentially inert and non-toxic. Exposure to elevated levels of dusts or heated vapours or fumes may cause sikn, eyes and respiratory tract irritation and possiblypulmonary oedema.				
	Contact with molten metarial can cause severe thermal burns.				
	The material is expected to present a lesser degree of hazards since the hazardous components are incorporated in a polymer matrix.				

Acute oral toxicity: Low toxicity; no data are provided. Acute inhalation toxicity: High concentrations may cause pulmonary oedema; no data are provided.

Repeated dose Toxicity; oral

Conclusion/summary: No relevant human information is available.

Repeated dose Toxicity; inhalation

Conclusion/summary: No relevant human information is available.

> Crystalline silica (if present) is classified by IARC as A1 carcinogen (human carcinogen). However, it is considered bound into the polymer matrix which should prevent any toxic reaction to the respiratory tract

Repeated dose Toxicity; dermal

Conclusion/summary: This information is not available.

Repeated dose Toxicity; other routes

Conclusion/summary: This information is not available.

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Irritation: skin				
Conclusion/Summary:	Prolonged or repeated cor	ntact with dust may casue skin mechanical irritation.		
Irritation: eyes				
Conclusion/Summary:	Prolonged or repeated con	ntact with dust may casue eye mechanical irritation.		
Irritation: respiratory tract				
Conclusion/Summary:	Excessive dust levels can	irritate the respiratory tract.		
Sensitisation: skin				
Conclusion/Summary:	The material is not conside	The material is not considered a skin sensitizer.		
Sensitisation: respiratory trac	<u>ct</u>			
Conclusion/Summary:	No human data are availat	ble indicating a concern for respiratory sensitisation.		
Mutagenicity:				
Conclusion/summary:	No human information is a	vailable.		
Carcinogenicity:				
Conclusion/summary:	The material is not classified	ed as carcinogen. However,crystalline silica (if prese	nt) is human carcinogen.	
Reproduction Toxicity Effects on fertility:				
Conclusion/summary:	No relevant human informa	ation is available.		
,				
Toxicity of reproduction Developmental toxicity:				
Conclusion/summary:	No relevant human information is available.			
Teratogenicity:				
Conclusion/Summary:	No relevant human or non-human information is available.			
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure):				
Conclusion/summary:	No relevant human or non-human information is available.			
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)				
Product / Ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs	
Polypropylene	5	Inhalation and oral	Respiratory tract, lungs.	
Aspiration hazards:				
Hazards:	Not applicable			
Information on the likely routes of exposure:	No relevant human or non-	-human information is available		
Potential acute health effects	<u> </u>			
Eye contact:	Slightly and not specific.	Slightly and not specific.		
Inhalation:	Excessive exposure to the material may be harmful and irritating to the respiratory tract by inhalation			
Skin contact:	Mechanical irritation			
Ingestion:	May produce mild gastroin	testinal irritation and disturbances.		
Symptoms related to the phy	sical, chemical and toxico	logical characteristics:		
Eye contact:	Slight but not specific irritat	tion		
Inhalation:	Irritation			
Skin contact:	Irritation			
Ingestion:	Irrittaion and stomach distu	urbances		

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Short-term exposure					
Potential immediate eff	ects:	No relevant human or	non-human information	n is available.	
Potential delayed effect	ts:	No relevant human or	non-human information	n is available.	
Long-term exposure	,				
Potential immediate e	ffects:	No relevant human or	non-human information	n is available	
Potential delayed effective	cts:	No relevant human or	non-human information	n is available	
Potential chronic health effec	ts.				
Product / Ingredient name		Result	Target	Dose	Duration
Polypropylene	DNE	L; Acute-inhalation, local effects	workers	-	-
	DNEL; long term-inhalation, local effects		workers	-	-
	DNE	L; Acute-inhalation, local effects	general population	-	-
	DNEL;	long term -inhalation, local effects	general population	-	-
Conclusion/summary:					
General:	, ,	pylene is irritating to lif swallowed.	skin and respiratory tra	act by inhalation.	
Carcinogenicity:	Not clas	ssified.			
Mutagenicity:	No rele	vant human or non-hur	nan information is avai	lable.	
Teratogenicity:	No hum	nan or non-human infor	mation is available.		
Developmental effects:	No hum	nan information is availa	able.		
Fertility effects:	No kno	wn significant effects of	r critical hazards.		
Other information:	Not ava	nilable			

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Acute Toxicity

Polypropylene is an essentially biological inert solid and considered to be non-toxic to the aquatic environment. It is stable and does not decompose in landfills or in aquatic systems.

Product / Ingredient name	Result	Species/Medium	Exposure
Polypropylene	LC50: Not provided	for freshwater fish:	-
	LC50: Not provided	LC50 for marine water fish	-
	EC50/LC50: Not provided	freshwater invertebrates	-
	EC50/LC50: Not provided	freshwater algae	-
	EC50/LC50: Not provided	freshwater invertebrates	-
	EC50 (96 h): Not provided	algae and aquatic plants	-
	EC10/LC1/NOEC: Not provided	aquatic micro-organisms	-

Calculation of Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC):

Product / Ingredient name	PNEC	Species/Medium	Assessment factor	Remarks
Polypropylene	Not provided	aqua: freshwater	-	-
	Not provided	aqua: marine water	-	-
	Not provided	aqua: (intermittent releases)	-	-
	Not provided	sediment (freshwater)	-	-
	Not provided	Sediment (marine water)	-	-
	Not provided	soil	=	-
	Not provided	STP	-	-
Conclusion/summary:	No information of other organisms is available.			

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12.2 Persistence and degradability

Essentially biologically inert and does not readily degrade. Under optimal oxidation conditions, >99% of Polypropylene will remain intact after

Product / Ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Potential
Polypropylene	not available	not available	not available
Conclusion/summary:	No information is available		
12.3 Bioaccumulative p	otential		
Polypropylene dust, powder and due to starvation.	d pellts are possibly accumulative in	living organisms (birds and aquatic life) cat	using injury and possible deat
Product / Ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Biodegradability
Polypropylene	not available	not available	Readily biodegradabl
Conclusion/summary:	No information is available		
12.4 Mobility in soil			
Soil/water partition coefficient (K _{oc})	not available		
Mobility	If released into watercourses, most plyethylene pellets float. Pellets are persistent in aquatic and terrestrial systems. Product should be recovered from water and land following spills. The material has not been found to migrate through soils.		
12.5 Results of PBT and	l vPvB assessment		
РВТ:	P: not available B: not available T:not available the substance does not fulfill the PBT criteria		
vPvB:	vP: Not available. vB: Not available. the substance does not fulfill the vPvB criteria		

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PBT:	P: not available B: not available T:not available
	the substance does not fulfill the PBT criteria
vPvB:	vP: Not available. vB: Not available.
	the substance does not fulfill the vPvB criteria.

12.6 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

	The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).		
13.1 Waste treatment n	nethods		
Product:			
Methods of disposal:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, articles and any part tyhereof should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.		
Hazardous waste:	The classification of the product does not meet the criteria for a hazardous waste according to Directive 75/442/EEC.		
Packaging:			
Methods of disposal:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.		
Special precautions:	This material and articles must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should betaken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. If necessary, incinerate with waste heat recovery. Do NOT resort to UNCONTROLLED INCINERATION. Open burning of plastics at landfills is NOT acceptable.		

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SEC	SECTION 14: Transport information				
		ADR	RID	IMDG	IATA/ICAO
14.1	UN number	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.2	UN proper shipping name	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.4	Packing group	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.5	Environmental hazards	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.6	Special precautions for user	None	None	None	None
14.7	Additional information	None	None	None	None

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

Substances of very high concern

None.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and

articles: Not applicable

Other EU regulations

Europe inventory: The product is not classified according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 of the European

Parliament and of the Council on Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures (CLP).

International regulations

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemical:Not listedChemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals:Not listedChemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals:Not listed

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments may stillbe required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms:

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labeling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

DNEL=Derived No Effect Level
DMEL=Derived Minimum Effect Level
DMEL=Derived Minimum Effect Level

NOAEL= No Observable Adverse Effect Level

N= Dangerous for the environmen

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Full text of classifications[DSD/DPD]	None
Version	1.7
Date of latest revision	12/03/2019
Date of previous issue	4/21/2019 (Verion 1.6)
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